# LAKEWIDE MANAGEMENT ANNEX PROGRESS REPORT OF THE PARTIES CHAPTER

### **OVERVIEW**

In the Lakewide Management Annex of the 2012 GLWQA, Canada and the United States committed to establishing Lake Ecosystem Objectives, developing and implementing lake specific binational strategies, and issuing Lakewide Action and Management Plans (LAMPs) and annual reports. Further, the Annex expressly required Canada and the United States to develop a Nearshore Framework by 2016. On [insert date posted], 2016, Canada and the United States issued a draft Nearshore Framework for public comment.

## PROGRESS TOWARD MEETING GLWQA COMMITMENTS

				<b>Y</b>
2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
<ul> <li>Established         Lakewide         Management         Annex         Subcommittee.</li> <li>Published         Lakewide Action         and         Management         Plan (LAMP)         Annual Reports.</li> <li>Identified Lake         Ontario         Cooperative         Science and         Monitoring         Initiative (CSMI)         priorities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Finalized Lake         Erie Biodiversity         Conservation         Strategy and         Lake Erie CSMI         priorities.</li> <li>Published LAMP         Annual Reports.</li> <li>Identified Lake         Michigan CSMI         priorities.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identified Lake Superior CSMI priorities.</li> <li>Published LAMP Annual Reports.</li> <li>Confirmed LAMP/CSMI reporting rotational schedule.</li> <li>Developed Lake Ecosystem Objectives guidance document.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Published Lake Superior Biodiversity Conservation Strategy.</li> <li>Identified Lake Huron CSMI priorities.</li> <li>Published LAMP Annual Reports.</li> <li>Completed Lake Partnership governance framework.</li> <li>Completed template for LAMP report.</li> <li>Engaged in consultation on draft Lake Superior LAMP.</li> <li>Drafted Nearshore Framework.</li> <li>Conducted outreach and engagement webinars on a basin-wide basis and for each of the individual lakes.</li> <li>Initiated update of Lake Ontario</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Posted draft Nearshore Framework for public comment.</li> <li>Published Lake Superior LAMP.</li> <li>Formed Outreach and Engagement subcommittees for each Lake Partnership.</li> <li>Solicited stakeholder participation with Lake Partnerships.</li> <li>Published LAMP Annual Reports.</li> </ul>

### PRELIMINARY DRAFT/SUBJECT TO CHANGE 5 16 16

LAMP Biodiversity Conservation Strategy Implementation
Strategy.

This Annexes' implementation is supported by the Lakewide Management Annex Subcommittee, co-led by Environment and Climate Change Canada and the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Organizations on the subcommittee include: [insert logos]

#### **BINATIONAL ACTIONS TAKEN FOR KEY COMMITMENTS**

The Parties shall document and coordinate management actions through the development of Lakewide Action and Management Plans (LAMP) for each Great Lake.

- Having confirmed the Lakewide Action and Management Plan (LAMP) reporting rotational schedule
  in 2014, Canada and the United States undertook the development of the first LAMP under the 2012
  GLWQA for Lake Superior. An extended period of public and agency review on the draft LAMP was
  undertaken.
- The Lake Superior Partnership drew upon foundational documents, including the Lake Superior Biodiversity Conservation Strategy, previously prepared with the help of many interested stakeholders.
- The Partnership assessed Lake Superior and found the lake to be in generally good condition.
- Threats to the ecosystem include chemical contaminants, aquatic invasive species, climate change, habitat destruction, and reduced habitat connectivity between the open lake and the tributaries.
- To address these threats, the 2016 LAMP identifies management actions that will help protect and restore the Lake Superior ecosystem. In addition, the Lake Superior Partnership committed to a number of projects over the next five-year period. Best efforts will be made to implement these projects (subject to available resources) through the cooperation and coordination among Lake Superior Partnership agencies.
- The LAMP also includes current science priorities for the 2016 Lake Superior Cooperative Science and Monitoring Initiative (CSMI).

By 2016, develop an integrated nearshore framework which will, when implemented, provide an overall assessment of the state of the nearshore Waters of the Great Lakes, identify nearshore areas of high ecological value and those that are or may become subject to stress, determine cumulative effects and threats and establish priorities for action.

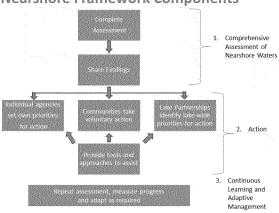
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- At numerous places along the 10,000 mile Great Lakes coastline, nearshore conditions in the lakes have become degraded due to a variety of human-induced, climate induced, and invasive species-induced stressors.
- Canada and the United States undertook a three-year process to engage a wide range of people and organizations throughout the Great Lakes basin to develop the Nearshore Framework. The Framework was developed for the use of the government agencies that comprise the Lake Partnerships charged with developing and implementing LAMPs for each Great Lake, with significant input and participation from a variety of non-governmental stakeholders. The Nearshore Framework is a commitment made by the Parties to:
  - provide a comprehensive assessment of nearshore waters;
  - share the information from the assessment;
  - identify areas requiring protection, restoration or prevention activities; and
  - identify impairment causes and the agencies responsible for addressing them.
- The responsible agencies can then factor these findings into their priority setting processes and engage and empower communities to create collaborative approaches to addressing the identified issues and take action. Canada and the United States will provide tools and approaches to assist in these collaborative efforts.

The Great Lakes Nearshore Framework







Establish Lake Ecosystem Objectives for each Great Lake, including its connecting river systems, as a benchmark against which to assess status and trends in water quality and lake ecosystem health.

- Using direction from the 2012 GLWQA, Canada and the United States developed a guidance
  document for the development of Lake Ecosystem Objectives (LEOs) and a framework which links
  the LEOs to the Agreement's General Objectives, as well as the State of the Great Lakes Indicators.
- The guidance suggests that LEOs should:
  - be practical and attainable or achievable within a 20-year timeframe;
  - provide sufficient direction for implementing LAMP actions;
  - have support from the agencies that implement the programs used to achieve the objective;

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- be based on sound, readily available data, so they can be reported on every five years; and
- taken together, be a comprehensive suite which addresses each 2012 GLWQA General Objective and lake stressor.
- A binational team was formed to draft, using the guidance, a suite of LEOs for Lake Erie.
- LEOs for the other lakes will be developed during the next reporting cycle.

The Parties, in cooperation and consultation with State and Provincial Governments, Tribal Governments, First Nations, Métis, Municipal Governments, watershed management agencies, other local public agencies, and the Public, shall undertake the lakewide management actions.

- Canada and the United States have undertaken outreach and engagement activities through the work of the Lake Partnerships and the Annex Subcommittee.
- In 2015, eight webinars involving over 800 participants were held to update the basin-wide and individual lake stakeholder communities about progress under the Lakewide Management Annex, and to discuss possible approaches to outreach and engagement. Outreach and Engagement sub-committees were formed under each Lake Partnership to develop and implement an outreach and engagement strategy for each lake.
- In 2016, stakeholder participation with the Lake Partnerships was solicited.

LAMP Annual reports were issued to provide an overview of accomplishments and challenges facing each lake.